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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/735,601	12/12/2003	Jonathan F. Smith	95-02	2496
	7590 07/23/200 INNER AND SULLIV	EXAMINER		
4875 PEARL EAST CIRCLE			KELLY, ROBERT M	
SUITE 200 BOULDER, CO	0 80301		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1633	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/23/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Interview Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/735,601	SMITH ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
ROBERT M. KELLY	1633	

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All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):						
(1) <u>ROBERT M. KELLY</u> .	(3) <u>Sarah Caley</u> .					
(2) <u>Kurt Kamrud</u> .	(4) <u>Janice Kimble; Dana Fe</u>	erber.				
Date of Interview: 20 July 2009.						
Type: a)⊠ Telephonic b)⊡ Video Conference c)⊡ Personal [copy given to: 1)⊡ applicant 2	2)∏ applicant's representative]				
Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d)⊠ Yes If Yes, brief description: <u>see attached</u> .	e) No.					
Claim(s) discussed: indirectly, Claim 16.						
Identification of prior art discussed: <u>none</u> .						
Agreement with respect to the claims f) was reached. g)∏ was not reached. h)⊠ N	I/A.				

Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: Applicant called to discuss how to amend the claim to make it allowable over the prior art. Applicant explained the invention was due to the use of mutants of alpha virus which have a high binding affinity for heparin, and Applicant discovered that these viruses stuck to the surface of the cell due to such glycobinding properties. The high salt then was found to produce a 400 fold better recovery (from the attached slideshow pictures). The Examiner discussed the possibility of utilizing "secondary considerations", the fact that perhaps if there is a negative teaching in the art of obtaining such amounts in the purity and volume it is obtained in such may overcome the rejection, and the fact that the claims are not limited to the heparin binding viruses, yet it appears that Applicant's present arguments demonstrate a "surprising result", but which is only commensurate with the mutant heparin-binding viruses only. The Examiner did not think the present claims would be overcome by such arguments, as they require no unexpected level of purity or concentration, and are not limited to heparin binding alpha-viruses. Applicant repeated their arguments and stated that no one thought you could produce such amounts of particle by the methods. The Examiner argued that everything Applicant argued was in terms of a better process of making, not to a distinct particle. Applicant still felt that the particles should be allowable. Applicant acknowledged that the Johnston patent disclosed the specific mutants of the invention, which the Examiner noted did not help the case to overcome the art. However, Applicant argued the advantages of the methods, in terms of amount of recovery, and hence appeared to argue that such made the compositions again patentable, as they are somehow distinct over the Art The Exmainer directed Applicant to MPEP 2113, and stated that the Attorney should be able to help Applicant understand such section. However, The Examiner noted that the arguments appeared to be most applicable to secondary considerations, which the Examiner admitted a lack of expertise in such considerations, and therefore, recommended that the Attorney help Applicant try to utilize such to overcome the rejections. At that point, the interview was concluded.

(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments that would render the claims allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.)

THE FORMAL WRITTEN REPLY TO THE LAST OFFICE ACTION MUST INCLUDE THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS GIVEN A NON-EXTENDABLE PERIOD OF THE LONGER OF ONE MONTH OR THIRTY DAYS FROM THIS INTERVIEW DATE, OR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS INTERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WHICHEVER IS LATER, TO FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. See Summary of Record of Interview requirements on reverse side or on attached sheet.

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/Robert M Kelly/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1633	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-413 (Rev. 04-03)

Interview Summary

Paper No. 20090721

Application No.

Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by
 attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does
 not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:

- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner.
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
 - (The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.